April 3, 1901.

Rev. J. D. Whitney, S. J.,
President.

Dear Father Whitney:—

I am informed by the Committee in charge of the class book soon to be published, that they are now ready to receive such a notice of the University in its several departments as it may seem to you proper and desirable to insert in the publication. This should be carefully done, and should be as brief, of course, as the subject will admit of. The space allotted to the University is about thirty pages, of about six by eight, I believe. Please give this matter your prompt attention, in order that there may be no delay in the publication.

Yours very truly,

G. E. Hamilton
...Class of 1901...

GEORGETOWN UNIVERSITY
School of Law

COMMITTEE ON CLASS BOOK

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Criminal Law and Domestic Relations.

Hon. SETH SHEPARD, LL.D.,
(Associate Justice, Court of Appeals, Dis. of Col.,)
Lecturer on Constitutional Law, the Law of Corporations and Equity Jurisprudence.
EW American seats of learning can boast of a more glorious past, or look back upon a more steady and consistent growth than the old University of Georgetown. Founded not long after the year of the Independence of our country, it has broadened and developed with the broadening and development of the nation, until to-day, at the dawn of the twentieth century, strong in the love, in the numbers and distinguished careers of her sons, and the high esteem of the country at large, it stands recognized everywhere as one of the most stable and complete of our many universities.

It was in the year 1785 that the Rev. John Carroll, afterwards Archbishop of Baltimore, first announced his intention of founding the College. It was some twelve months later that his plans assumed a definite form. His labor was beset with obstacles and difficulty. The treaty of Paris and Versailles had been but recently signed, and the country, as yet without the Constitution, had not emerged from its chaotic state. Public sentiment in this part of the country was not favorable to his ambitious scheme. It was thought the time was not yet ripe. But against such adverse circumstances Dr. Carroll resolutely struggled, and on November 13, 1786, at a meeting of citizens and clergy at Whitemarsh, he made known his plan of the College and effected the vote of the assemblage for a donation of an hundred pounds sterling and the opening of subscriptions in the several States, as well as in the countries of Europe. The Hon. Charles Carroll, of Carrollton, Edmond Plowden, Thomas Lilly, Colonel Fitzgerald, and a score of others were the committee who promoted this work, men who were almost as closely connected with the upbuilding of the then struggling infant nation.

Georgetown, upon the banks of the Potomac, the ancient town named for George II., was chosen as the site for the College. Time has shown that a more beautiful or more fortunate selection could not have been made. The situation was doubtless suggested by Alexander Doyle, a surveyor and architect, who was then engaged in the
Hon. JEREMIAH M. WILSON, LL. D.,
Former Dean.
Emeritus Professor of the Law of Real Estate.

MICHAEL J. COLBERT, A. M., LL. M.,
Lecturer on the Law of Personal Property.

Rev. RENE HOLAIND, S. J.,
Lecturer on Natural Law.
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of old Trinity Church, a church still standing just without the College walls. Nor did the beauty and advantage of the situation escape Archbishop Carroll and his co-workers of the time. A few years later, Father Stonestreet, in a sketch of the college, said: “The hill on which it stands is the last of the range enclosing the amphitheatre selected by the Father of his Country as the site of its Capital, and the noble Potomac rolls immediately below. Up to this point the river is seen winding through the narrow limits of a rock-bound channel; but here it widens and encircles the beautiful Analostan, and then, swollen by the accession of the waters of the Anacostia, a mighty flood it sweeps on to the sea. In the rear of the college the neighboring hills rise to a still greater elevation, offering to the view first the embowered college walls and the vineclad ascent of the Observatory, and then beyond, the lofty oaks, which lift their tops almost to mountain height. Here we behold the solitude and romantic wilderness of the dense forest, whilst but a few steps in front how changed is the scene. There lies the Nation’s Capital!” To-day the view possesses for the student the same charm that it possessed for the student of a hundred years ago. Time has failed to alter it, save that where once were scattered the low lying fields and sparsely located houses of Washington now arise the towering roofs and spires of America’s most beautiful city.

In the summer of 1788 the erection of the first building was undertaken. It was completed under much difficulty. The bricks and materials were brought from England, and contributions were not forthcoming as rapidly as was anticipated. In 1793 an additional piece of ground was purchased, and preparations begun for the erection of a second structure. Financial embarrassment again faced the Directors, and the work was attended with much delay. Those two structures, known to the Georgetown men of to-day as the Old South and the Old North, respectively, still stand, beaten by the storms of time and hallowed by the associations of a century. Here Washington was entertained upon the occasion of his first visit to the college in his official capacity as President of the United States, a precedent which he established and which has been followed by each of his successors down to the present time. To the front of Old South is the gate post to which Washington was accustomed to tie his horse on his visits to the College. Here in Old North, Lafayette was feted. And it was in the Old South that Congress asked permission to convene on the occasion of the burning of the Capitol
D. W. BAKER, A. M., LL. M.,
Judge of the Circuit Court and
Lecturer on the Law of Real Estate.

Hon. JOB BARNARD,
(Associate Justice, Supreme Court, D. C.,)
Chief Justice, Court of Appeals.

J. HOLDSWORTH GORDON, LL. M.,
Associate Justice, Court of Appeals.
in 1814 by the British—an event that was only prevented by the wretched condition of the roads, which were so thickly covered with mud that the legislators were unable to reach the college.

In September, 1791, the doors of Georgetown had been thrown open and students had matriculated. The first to enter its halls as a student was William Gaston, of North Carolina. He was closely followed by Philo demonstrant; Robert Walsh, scholar and patriot; Joseph Semmes; Augustine and Bushrod Washington, kinsmen of the illustrious General, Bushrod afterwards an Associate Justice of the Supreme Court; Nicholas Fenwick; Charles Boarman, afterwards an admiral; Joseph Merrick; W. W. Corcoran, afterwards banker, benefactor and patron of the arts, and a host of others, who, as history now can tell, rounded into men whose lives brought distinction to themselves and glory to their Alma Mater, by whom their names are still held in reverential memory. The career of Gaston was especially brilliant. In 1831 he entered the House of Representatives and there delivered one of the half-dozen really great speeches which have been heard in Congress, sat in the House for four years, and was an acknowledged leader of the Federal party. To him belongs the honor of having unhorsed Henry Clay in debate—an achievement never before or afterwards accomplished by any other of the contemporaries of the illustrious “Mill Boy of the Slashes.”

The year 1805 marked the reorganization of the Order of the Jesuits in Maryland, and with the reorganization the College passed under their entire control, a control retained by them to the present day. Seven years later, when the College was nearing the twenty-fifth anniversary of its foundation, and when it seemed that a most prosperous condition awaited it in the future, its very existence was threatened in the clash of arms and rising hostilities of England and America again involved in war. A state of disquiet and alarm had succeeded the state of peace and repose which had so long prevailed, and under which the resources of our country had developed so rapidly. The 24th of August, 1814, witnessed the retreat of the American troops through Georgetown, and on the evening of the same day the sky blazed with the flames of the Capitol, the White House and the Treasury, lighted by the British torch. The British troops were visible from the College, and grave fears were entertained that the College would also be consigned by the English to the flames. The British, however, were soon seen to be moving away, and the danger of this vandalism passed.
J NOTA MCGILL, LL. M.,
(Late Register of Wills for the Dis. of Col.,)
Lecturer on Probate Practice.

Hon. CHARLES C. COLE,
(Associate Justice, Supreme Court, D. C.;)
Lecturer on Common Law Practice, Equity Pleading and Practice, and Partnership.

CHARLES A. DOUGLASS, A. B., LL. B.,
Lecturer on the Law of Torts and Negotiable Paper.
The first of March, 1815, is celebrated as the date of the ratification of the treaty of peace between the United States and Great Britain, and on the same day President Madison signed an act of Congress empowering Georgetown to confer all degrees in the arts, sciences, and liberal professions, and investing it with the full status enjoyed by the other colleges and universities in the land. The Annals of Congress for the year 1815 contain an account of these transactions, and it is interesting to note that the bill was fathered in Congress by one of Georgetown's own sons, William Gaston, at that time a Representative from his State.

Each year brought some added improvement to the College, but its growth was far from being attended with the most favorable circumstances. On the contrary there were times when even its warmest supporters became despondent. Scarcely any aid had been received in the shape of legacies or endowments, gifts which have contributed so materially to the advancement of other universities. But Georgetown was then, as it has been since, fortunate in its Presidents, and it was owing to the unmitigated labors of Fathers Molyneux, Neale, Fenwick, Mulledy, and Dr. Ryder, who were in successive terms in the office of the Presidency of the College, that the financial difficulties of the Institution were overcome. They spared no pains or expense to increase the educational facilities of the College. In 1831 a new building was erected, and eight years later the Collection in Natural History was begun—the magnificent collection which is on exhibition to-day in Coleman Hall, and known as Coleman Museum. In 1843 the Observatory was completed, the gift in a great measure of F. Meredith Jenkins, Esq. It was here that Professor Secchi, while acting as the Assistant Professor of Physics, began the study of Astronomy, in which he was destined afterward to become so famed.

The year 1851 marked a new venture. Georgetown had long since become established upon a firm foundation. Her departments of Science, Literature, and the Arts were successfully in operation, and her merit was acknowledged throughout the land. Her roll of graduates was studded with the names of men who had risen to eminence in the legislative hall, on the bench, in the army and the navy and in the learned professions. She now determined, in keeping with her spirit of progress which had so characterized her history, to broaden her field of labor.

On the first day of May the School of Medicine opened
Hon. LOUIS E. MCCOMAS,
(Late Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, District of Columbia,)

LEIGH ROBINSON,
Associate Justice, Court of Appeals.
its doors. The school was mainly organized through the efforts of Dr. Joshua A. Ritchie, '35. From a small beginning the Medical Department has grown to a prosperous condition and is now rated one of the best equipped and most thoroughly directed institutions for the study of medicine in the United States. Presiding over it, and listed on its corps of professors, have been and are the great medical lights of the country, many of whom have come from distant cities to Washington in the service of the Government.

In recent years Georgetown has added to her Medical Department a Biological Department, in which the science of Biology and its cognate branches are taught by specialists eminent throughout the country. The Dean of the School of Biology is Dr. Chas. Wardell Stiles, who of late years represented the United States in the Biological Congress at Berlin, and who enjoys a rank second to none among professors of this science. Numbered among her associate professors are scientists of national reputation, as is amply attested by their being also engaged by the Government to prosecute investigations in its interest because of their peculiar eminence in their own line.

In order to extend the time for study and render the course more thorough, four years ago the school changed all its sessions and hours for lecture from the evening to the day time. The school thus became a day school, though at a temporary sacrifice in popularity and the numbers of its attendance. It has now gained what it then lost and has taken its rank among the great medical schools of the country, being admittedly the best in the District of Columbia.

Emboldened by the success of the Medical Department, Georgetown established in 1870 that law school which has since become such a factor in the legal circles of the National Capital. Its faculty contained at the time of its organization and yet contains very distinguished names. Since its institution it has enjoyed the benefit of the services of Mr. Justice Samuel F. Miller, Mr. Justice Henry B. Brown, Hon. Richard T. Merrick, Justice Morris, Justice Shepard, Hon. John W. Ross, Justice James, Hon. Jere M. Wilson, Hon. J. Hubley Ashton, Hon. R. Ross Perry, Hon. J. J. Darlington, Justice McComas, Justices Cole, Barnard and Clabaugh, and a host of other legal luminaries, many of whom it yet retains upon its faculty. Its advancement has surpassed the fondest hopes of its founders. From its portals have gone forth many of the brightest legal minds of the last quarter of a century, and without considering the great number of its graduates who have risen to the leader-
Hon. JOHN W. ROSS, LL.D.,
Emeritus Professor,
Law of Torts and Domestic Relations.

TALLMADGE A. LAMBERT, LL.D.,
Lecturer on Civil Law.

J. J. DARLINGTON, A.M., LL.D.,
Emeritus Professor,
Law of Personal Property and Contracts.
ship of the bars of other cities, wither they have gone, it is evident that it exerts a pronounced influence upon the Washington bar, because of the comprehensive association with it of the Capital's legal fraternity, both in the membership of its faculty and the roll of its graduates. In addition to the excellence of its course, its situation at the National Capital, gives to the student of law advantages for the study of American jurisprudence which can not elsewhere be obtained. Commencing with the class graduating in 1901, the course leading to the degree of Bachelor of Laws was extended to the period of three years. A fourth year, or post-graduate course, has been added under a corps of professors of national reputation and special training in the branches of law upon which they lecture. The condition of the Law School is now most gratifying, and bids fair to make as much progress in the future as it has done in the past.

The Centennial of the founding of Georgetown was celebrated in 1889. The large modern structure which is the center of the College group, was then but recently completed, and in Gaston Hall the festivities were held, before an assemblage numbering President Cleve-

land, Senator Bayard, Cardinal Gibbons, and hundreds of Georgetown's distinguished friends and alumni, who had gathered from all parts of the earth to do homage to their Alma Mater. The University was then presided over by the Rev. J. Havens Richards, under whose Presidency the University attained to greater prosperity and development than it ever experienced before. In 1897, after an unusually long and brilliant term, Father Richards was compelled to retire on account of his ill health, and he was succeeded by the Rev. John Dunn ing Whitney, the honored head of the University to-day. He has followed and extended the same progressive policy which characterized Father Richards' administration. At no time equally with the present has the future of Georgetown been of such glorious promise. With no misgivings, but with a consciousness of her history, of the splendid lives of her children whose mold was cast with the imprint of her training, and relying on that truth upon which her system rests as a foundation stone, with a full sense of the great work which awaits her, she enters upon the new century.

S. McN.
R. ROSS PERRY, Jr., A. M., LL. M.,
Quiz Master.

HARRY W. HODGES, LL. M.,
Clerk of Courts.

E. RICHARD SHIPP, LL. M.,
Quiz Master.
HENRY W. SOHON, LL.M.,
Examiner.

S. M. YEATMAN, A. M.,
Secretary and Treasurer.

J. ALTHEUS JOHNSON, LL.M.,
Examiner.
HISTORY OF THE CLASS OF 1901.

It was the custom of the Highland bands, as it was of the armies of the ancient world, when they had lain down the sword to take up the ploughshare, to have their chosen chronicler narrate the deeds, the incidents and the fortunes of the campaign. To some small extent this brief sketch of the history of the Class of 1901 is analogous to the lays of those minstrels. The Class of 1901 has now run its course and its members will soon have shifted themselves into other parts upon the stage of life. Its history has not been without incident. It is true the period of three years is inconsiderable when aligned with the measure of a lifetime, but when those years have been passed in unshrinking devotion to rigid mental discipline, in the acquisition of that

ALLEN R. ADAMS

was born in Philadelphia, Pa., in 1867. He completed his education at the Episcopal Academy of that city. He is a member of the Bar of the District of Columbia, but intends to practice law in his native State.

JOHN W. M. ALTMAN

was born at Livingston, Alabama, on October 2, 1878. He graduated in 1896 from the Birmingham High School and finished at the University of Alabama with the class of 1899. He was admitted to the Bar of Alabama in 1901, and will practice in Birmingham.
knowledge and the cultivation of those arts which we must use throughout the balance of our lives, and in an unbroken commerce with professors and fellow students, there will be found many things which in after years may serve to point a forceful moral or furnish a useful corrective, and withal an ever pleasing memory. *Forsan et haec olim meminisse juvat*.

Upon the evening of October 3, 1898, nearly one hundred matriculated students entered into corporate existence as the Class of 1901, Georgetown University School of Law. Almost every State of the Union as well as the Territory of Hawaii was represented in the number. For this reason it was not remarkable that the members of the

**Thomas Franklin Athey**

was born near Ban, Coshocton Co., Ohio, on February 25, 1875. Graduated from Larned (Kans.) High School in 1892. He studied law at Kansas City (Mo.) School of Law and Columbian University before entering Georgetown.
Edward Birckhead

is a native of the District of Columbia. He was born in Washington and graduated from the High School of that city in 1892. He will devote his energies to the practice of Real Estate Law before the Courts of the District of Columbia.

Class were unacquainted with each other, and that the process of amalgamation was long delayed. The few members who were known to each other soon formed into groups, which in time became the nucleus of the class political organizations of after growth. In truth, at a very early stage, the Class of 1901 had made rapid progress in the evolution of its political factions. Though distinguished for numerous things, at no time in its career was it not pre-eminent in the intensity and nice differentiations of its factional convictions. At the very beginning of the first year there appeared two dominant parties, one known as the College, or Athletic faction, and the other what some were pleased to call the Quiz

Franz A. Birgfeld

is a native of Burnt Mills, Montgomery Co., Md., and is twenty-five years of age. He was educated in the Washington (D. C.) High School. He is a member of the Bar of the District of Columbia and will practice in Washington.
was born in Washington, D.C., September 26, 1878. He received the degree of A.B. from St. John's College (D.C.) in 1898 and the Master's degree in 1901, from the same institution. Mr. Brosnan was admitted to practice before the District of Columbia Courts, and will soon enter actively upon the duties of his profession.

Class Cabal, together with some minor middle-of-the-road parties, willing to be wooed and won by either of the controlling sides. Each aspired strenuously to the balance of power. But as yet no definite steps had been or could be taken toward the formation of the class organization. Upon November 4, 1898, Mr. Diggs, of Maryland, called a compromise meeting without factional complexion, and after a strenuous occupation of the chair, Mr. Knowles, of Illinois, was unanimously elected chairman of the meeting.

Proceedings were then instituted with reference to the drafting of a class constitution, and a committee consisting of Mr. Mulligan, Mr. Spellacy, Mr. Diggs, Mr. McDonogh, Mr. Garris, and Mr. Kenna were named for this purpose. Mr. Kenna resigned in favor of

William Livingston Browning was born in the city of Washington, D.C., on the 13th of March, 1879. He is a graduate of National University (Washington, D.C.), from which he received the degree of LL.B. in June, 1900, and in 1901 was awarded the degree of LL.M. from Georgetown University. In the year 1900-1901 was awarded class essay prize. He is a member of the Bar of both the State of Maryland and the District of Columbia.
A. JETER BUTLER
was born at Santuck, South Carolina, Dec. 26, 1871. His legal residence is Carlisle, S. C. Attended public schools of South Carolina, and intends to practice in Union County, in his State.

Mr. Knowles, and with this change in its consistency, the committee retired, to report one week after that date. Upon this evening, November 11, 1898, a second meeting was held, and the committee on the drafting of a constitution made its report. After considerable quibbling and some discussion, some few amendments were adopted, and as thus modified the report was adopted, and the constitution and by-laws legislated into force and effect. The meeting then adjourned until the evening of Friday, November 18, 1898, when it was embodied in a motion, which readily passed, the nomination and election of the class officers should take place. Upon that evening the preliminary business was soon disposed of, and mat-

ULYSSES BUTLER
was born in the city of Washington, D.C., in 1878. He attended the Columbian University Law School in 1899 and 1900, and graduated from Georgetown in 1901. He will practice in Washington.
John L. Cassin

was born in Washington, D. C., in 1879. Graduated from Washington High School in 1897 and admitted to the Bar in 1901 and will practice law in the cities of Washington and New York.

Richard Bryan Cavanagh

was born November 20, 1879, at Washington, D. C. His education was completed at St. John’s College (D. C.) in 1898 and Columbian University in 1899. He was admitted to the Bar of the District of Columbia and Circuit Court of Appeals of the United States in 1901. Mr. Cavanagh will devote his entire attention to patent practice and causes.

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was born in Washington, D. C., in 1879. Graduated from Washington Big h School in 197 and admitted to the Bar in 1901 and will practice law in the cities of Washington and New York.

ters quickly gravitated to the elections, which had been so long deferred. A keen strife was on between the contending factions and that, with considerable feeling, the nurture of which commended itself unto the wisdom of certain gentlemen, furnished a rather feverish aspect to the occasion and the proceedings. For the office of President, Mr. William E. Knowles, of Illinois, was nominated by Mr. Spellacy, and Mr. Stuart McNamara, District of Columbia, by Mr. Diggs. Mr. Edward B. Kenna, of West Virginia, was nominated for that office by Mr. Denegre, who, in a speech of much fire, and perhaps of some merit, arraigned the opposing parties to the echo. The election was determined on the first ballot, Mr. McNamara was declared chosen,
Edward B. Colgin

was born in New Iberia, La., on Sept. 9, 1878. Graduated from Spring Hill College, Mobile, Ala., from which he received the degree of A. B. in 1898, and afterwards received the degree of A. M. from Georgetown University. Mr. Colgin is a member of the Bar of the State of Texas, and has located for the practice of his profession in Houston, Texas.

and on motion of Mr. Kenna his election was made unanimous. Mr. W. E. Knowles, of Illinois, was elected 1st Vice President; Mr. Francis H. Macauley, of New Jersey, 2d Vice President; Mr. W. Livingston Browning, of Maryland, Secretary; Mr John I. Costigan, of Rhode Island, Treasurer; Mr. Ivan Heideman, District of Columbia, Sergeant at Arms. The Executive Committee the President named, as follows: Mr. John S. Garris, of South Carolina, Chairman; Mr. Joseph T. Rice, of Louisiana; Mr. J. Vincent Couglin, of Maryland; Mr. J. Edmund Mulligan, of Pennsylvania; and Mr. Benjamin R. Tillman, Jr., of South Carolina.

With its organization thus perfected, the class now proceeded with its appointed work and duties of the year.

William Homer Collins

is a native of the Capital City, where he was born in 1879. He graduated from the Business High School in 1898 and intends to locate in one of the newer Western cities.
John E. Connolly
was born in Providence, R. I., July 11, 1876, and attended the public schools of Providence and Brown University. He will practice law in his native State, in the city of Providence.

In the Debating Society of the school, the class was well represented, and quite early in the year some of its members appeared in the public debates. During the third term of the Debating Society, when the Class of 1901 enjoyed the incumbency of the offices, with Mr. Knowles as President and co-presiding officer with the representative from Columbian University, the noteworthy intercollegiate debate between Georgetown and Columbian Law Schools was held, in which, for the fifth time, in a series of five debates Georgetown demonstrated to Columbian University that in the forum equally as on the athletic field, she remained supreme.

In athletics, also, the Class of 1901 was prominently represented. Mr.

J. Vincent Coughlan
was born in the city of Baltimore, Md., on July 19, 1878. Removed later to Washington, D. C. Attended Gonzaga College in the latter city, from which he graduated, receiving the degree of A. B. in 1898, and in 1900 the degree of A. M. He was admitted to practice before the Supreme Court of the State of Utah in 1901, and will practice in Salt Lake City.
Carlos A. Long, of Hawaii, captained the 'Varsity football team of the season of 1898, and Mr. Kenna, besides being the able full-back of that team, was one of the ablest of the pitching staff of the famous baseball team of 1899, which swept all colleges before it in its march to the collegiate baseball championship of America. In field and track athletics the class furnished to the University Mr. J. Edward Mulligan, under whose able captainship the team advanced rapidly to the excellent form it ultimately acquired. The year was passing rapidly, and but a brief time appeared to elapse between the finishing of one examination and the preparation for another. A consider-
Charles Denegre

was born in the city of New Orleans, State of Louisiana, and was admitted to the Bar of the District of Columbia in 1900. and is also a member of the Bar of the States of Louisiana and Alabama, and intends to practice in the city of Birmingham.

able amount of serious work was accomplished by nearly every member of the class, and the examinations were met successfully. In the month of February, 1899, a diversion was taken from the severe routine of study, and a very enjoyable smoker given to the class and its invited guests.

Toward the close of the year an appropriate class-pin was adopted by the class. The month of June was now at hand, and the work of the year was completed. The Commencement exercises were held at the New National Theater, and the arrangements for the evening were wholly in the hands of the Class of 1901, which, through its committee, appointed by the President for the purpose, with Mr. Joseph T. Pence,

William T. Finn

was born in Washington, D. C., June 19, 1879, and will practice in the District of Columbia.
was born at Edgerton, Minn., in 1879. He attended Gonzaga College, Spokane, Washington, where he received the degree of M.A. in 1898. He will practice in Seattle.

of Iowa, as chairman, successfully conducted the management of the affair. The class prize for the highest standing during the year was awarded to Mr. Stuart McNamara, and the second prize to Mr. James S. McDonogh, of Kentucky.

One year had now been rounded, and the second scholastic year was commenced on October 6, 1899. But few of the old faces were absent from the ranks. Not a small number of new ones were added to the old, and the class seemed as large, if not larger, than the year before. Upon the evening of November 3, 1899, the class met for the purpose of nominating candidates for office for the ensuing year. Party feeling appeared to have gained fresh intensity.

Joseph Paul Fitzpatrick
was born at Pittston, Pa., in 1878, attended St. John's Academy in his native city, and afterwards St. Thomas's College, Scranton, Pa., and spent three years at Georgetown University. It is the intention of Mr. Fitzpatrick to follow his chosen profession in the city of Philadelphia.
Joseph Edwin Freeman

was born on February 14, 1876, in Unity, Maine. He attended the University of Chicago, from which he graduated in 1898, with degree of Ph. B. His first year in legal study was spent at the Columbian University Law Department.

and fired the ranks of each side. Bowed by the eloquence of certain oracles of the class, the majority of the meeting, who seemed strangely one in aim and purpose, solemnly declared, through an appropriate motion which passed into a resolution, that Cushing's Manual, the Constitution and By-laws, and mere parliamentary procedure stand for naught when opposed to the ends and wishes of the dominant party of the class. Brushing aside these petty obstacles, the majority proceeded at once, in their own fashion, with the election of officers.

The election to each office was singularly unanimous. Mr. Frank J. Wissner, D. C., was chosen President; Mr. Harry A. Hegarty, D. C., 1st Vice-

Edward Francis Gillan

hails from Pawtucket, R. I. He was born in that city on September 15, 1865. His education was completed at the Pawtucket High School in 1881. He intends to practice law in the city of Providence.
JAMES GARDINER GREEN

is a native of Alabama, being born at Ashville, April 16, 1878. He attended the Ashville Academy, from which he graduated in 1894. Will practice law in his native State.

JOHN DILLON HALL

is a native of the State of Alabama. He was born at Canoe Station, Escambia County. Received the degree of LL.B. from Georgetown University in 1899, and in 1901 was awarded the degree of LL. M. He will practice in Alabama.

President; Mr. John S. Garris, S. C., 2d Vice-President; Mr. Joseph H. Fitzpatrick, Pa., Secretary; Mr. Edward Birckhead, D. C., Treasurer; Mr. C. A. Long, Hawaii, Sergeant-at-Arms. The Executive Committee the chair named consisted of Mr. McDonogh, Chairman; Mr. Richard B. Cavanagh, Mr. D. F. O'Brien, Mr. B. R. Tillman, Jr., and Mr. Elias R. C. Long. In the Debating Society the class started from the beginning of the year to take a deep interest and active participation in the public debates. Not a few changes had been made this year in the course of studies and the system. Added to the already severe curriculum of the second-year class was the new course of lectures on the Law of Partnership, in-
HARRY A. HEGARTY

was born in Georgetown, D. C., on October 10, 1879. His education was completed at Gonzaga College, Washington, D. C., from which he graduated in 1898, receiving the degree in course of A. B., and in 1900 he received from the same institution the degree of A. M. Mr. Hegarty was admitted to practice before the Courts of the District of Columbia in 1901. He is about to open an office for the practice of his profession in the city of Washington.

augurated by Mr. Justice Cole. But it is safe to say there were few courses in all the number followed as closely or enjoyed equally as this. Besides the great value of the lectures themselves, Justice Cole threw about the course that incentive to study which alone makes lectures successful or effective. Himself schooled under Joel Parker, Theophilus Parsons, and Washburn, he brought with him to the class room the incalculable influence of the atmosphere those classic names suggest.

In the system of quizzing a radical departure was adopted at the commencement of this year. The professors no longer quizzed their classes, but specially-appointed quiz masters were retained for the purpose. Mr. E. Richard Shipp and Mr. R. Ross Perry, Jr., had been the choice of the Faculty, and with these gentlemen as the new quiz

IVAN HEIDEMAN

was born in Washington, D. C., in 1877. Attended the public schools of the Capital City, and has been admitted to and will practice before the courts of the District of Columbia.
masters the new system was launched. The change soon justified itself in the splendid results it produced in greater thoroughness of the examination of the matter quizzed upon, as extra time was assigned by the Faculty for the holding of these quizzes, though doubtless more drastic treatment than before was experienced by many a hapless quizsee. Toward the close of the scholastic year, which was now drawing nigh, the class held its annual banquet at the Dewey. There was a goodly representation of the class at the festive board, and the arrangements of the committee, under the chairmanship of Mr. McDonogh, were all that could be desired. Before the end of the year the class was doomed to the loss of some of its interesting members. Garris, who pat-
The chemist for the District of Columbia, hails from the New England States. He is a graduate of Amherst College (Mass.), receiving the degree of A. M. in 1886. Mr. Hird will utilize his legal education in connection with his official duties in Washington.

terned alike his dress and his high ideals after the great Nullifier of his own State, had successfully taken the Bar examinations and commenced practice in the town of Spartansburg. Diggs, whose presence was so potent and so all-pervading in the political centers of the class, had been forced to leave the class temporarily whilst traveling in the West. The examinations were thorough, as usual, and the results highly satisfactory. The whole class showed better accomplishment than for the preceding year. The class prize for the highest standing during the year was awarded to Mr. Stuart McNamara, and the second prize to Mr. Erwin Plein Nemmers, of Wisconsin. To Mr. W. Cleary Sullivan was awarded the prize for the essay, his subject being “The Law of Marriage Restraints.”

**JOHN CHALMERS HOWARD**

was born at Washington, D. C., in 1878. Graduated from the Washington High School in 1895. In 1901 admitted to the Bar of the District of Columbia and will practice law in his native city.
Upon the evening of October 6, 1900, the class assembled for the third and last time, to commence a new year within the shielding walls of Alma Mater. Within a short time the election of officers occurred, and noteworthy was this occasion in its evidence that the pendulum had swung back, and the class had reaffirmed its allegiance to constitutional government and abjured its temporary subservience to the doctrine of *laissez faire*. The election resulted in the choice of Mr. John Denby Hird, D. C., President; Mr. Adrian Sizer, Pa., 1st Vice-President; Mr. M. A. Keane, D. C., 2d Vice-President; Mr. Wm. Livingston Browning, Md., Secretary; Mr. Edward Birckhead, D. C., Treasurer; Mr. John W. Daniels, R. I., Sergeant-at-Arms.

Wilfred Jessup was born in Richmond, Indiana, in 1876. Attended Earlham College, West Virginia, National, and Georgetown Universities, graduating from the latter two in 1900 and 1901, respectively, with the degrees of LL.B. and LL.M. Mr. Jessup will practice in his native city.

John B. Isbell was born at Whiton, DeKalb County, Alabama, April 16, 1872. Was educated in the High Schools and Academies of North Alabama. Admitted to the Alabama Bar in 1897, and will practice law at Fort Payne, Alabama.
BENJAMIN R. JOHNSON
was born in the city of Albany, N. Y., in 1874. He received the degree of A. B. in 1891 from Hamilton College (Clinton, N. Y.), and attended the Massachusetts Institute of Technology during 1898-1899. His attention will be confined to patent practice.

President named the Executive Committee as follows: Mr. Stuart McNamara, Chairman; Mr. John C. Howard, Mr. J. V. Coughlin. The numbers of the class had not been lessened by the loss of a few of the old members, for many matriculations had been made in this class at the beginning of the third year. But one deplorable occurrence, however, marred the otherwise propitious aspect of the year. In the deprivation of the active services of Prof. R. Ross Perry, who through temporary ill health, and because of the increasing exactions on his time by his practice, was constrained to discontinue his lectures, it is safe to say the Law School sustained a loss which may never be repaired. It was not alone

SAMUEL T. KALBFUS
is a resident of the Capital City, and is a member of the Bar of the District of Columbia. Mr. Kalbfus will practice in the District and will devote special attention to Title Examinations, as applied to Tax Sales.
the intrinsic merits of his lectures or of the book which bears his name that made Mr. Perry the leading spirit of the school, but that incentive to the study and mastery of the law which he riveted in the breasts of all his students, and for which his own example disclosed at once the strongest argument and the best reward. What was thought of Lord Brougham, that he combined the reasoning power of Bacon, the learning of Locke and the literature of Shakespeare, might equally be said of Mr. Perry, in that he embodied the profound mastery of the law, together with the nicest appreciation of literature and the arts, and the widest knowledge of men and affairs. For thirteen years he had labored indefatigably in the development of the

Michael Aloysius Keane

was born in Washington, D. C., Feb. 6, 1871. Attended St. John's College, from which he graduated in 1889, receiving the degree of M. A. Was admitted to the Bar of the District of Columbia in 1901.

Chas. M. Karch

was born at Mt. Hope, Ohio, January 13, 1873. He received his education at the Millersburg (Ohio) High School, from which he graduated in 1891, and later attended the St. Lawrence University, receiving the degree of Ph. B. in 1896. Mr. Karch will engage in the practice of law in the State of Ohio.
GIUFFI~ L.

...was born in Jasper, Alabama, November 17, 1877. Attended the University of Alabama, and received the degree of A. B. in 1897, and the degree of LL. B. in 1900. Graduated from the Law School of Georgetown University, 1901, with the degree of Master of Laws. Mr. Lamkin is a member of the Bar of the State of Alabama, and is practicing in the city of Birmingham.

GRiffin Lamkin

school, and how well he had succeeded and how much to him is due can be seen from the high standard to which the institution has been brought, and the ever growing numbers at the bars of all the States who now call him Master. *Siste, viator, si quaeras monumentum, circumspice!*

As the Class of 1901 is the pioneer class of the new and improved three year course, it was only a part of consistency with its position to introduce many innovations which will thereafter become precedents for the classes to come. When the Class of 1901 graduated, for the first time in the history of the Law Department the graduation exercises were graced by a class in caps and gowns. Much opposition was experienced in effecting the change from the former custom, and it was due to the

Charles A. Long

was born at Honolulu, Island of Oahu, in March, 1875. He successively attended St. Louis College, Oahu College, and Santa Clara College, from which he received the degree of M. A. in 1890. Was admitted to Supreme Court of Hawaii in 1901 and is now practicing at Honolulu.

Charles A. Long

...was born at Honolulu, Island of Oahu, in March, 1875. He successively attended St. Louis College, Oahu College, and Santa Clara College, from which he received the degree of M. A. in 1890. Was admitted to Supreme Court of Hawaii in 1901 and is now practicing at Honolulu.
Elia A. C. Long
is a native of the Hawaiian Islands. He was born in July, 1877, at Honolulu. His education was received at St. Louis College, Oahu College, and Santa Clara College. He will practice law in his native Islands.

recognized efforts of Mr. Athey and the committee that the change was at last made an accomplished fact. For the first time, also, has a class of the Law Department left the memorial of a class book. The scheme of compiling a class book was fathered by Mr. Curry during the second year, and under his management and the editing of Mr. McNamara, together with the assistance of the hard-worked committee of which Messrs. McDonogh, Adrian Sizer, Hegarty, and W. C. Sullivan were such efficient members, the work was rescued from many a moving accident by flood and field and at last rounded into being.

By the Class of '01 perhaps more than

Joseph Edward Loughran
was born at Lowell, Mass., in 1874, and in June, 1895, graduated from Richmond College. He is a member of the Massachusetts State Bar, and is practicing in his native city of Lowell.
James F. Markey

is a native of the State of New Jersey, being born at Newark on July 21, 1879. He received the degree of A. B. from Gonzaga College in 1898, and in 1900 the degree of A. M. He has been admitted to practice before all the United States Courts in the Philippine Islands, and is at present located at Manila.

James S. McDonogh

was born in Louisville, Ky. Graduated from St. Xavier's College in 1890, receiving the degree of M. A. Was awarded second prize for class standing for the year 1898-99 and year 1900-01. He was admitted to practice in his native State in 1900, and to the Bar of the District of Columbia in the same year. He has chosen the Capital City as his future home and is about to enter upon the active work of his chosen profession.

by the preceding classes, the Moot Court was patronized, and its jurisdiction and its volume of business greatly increased. This great institution, this court of justice, was dedicated sacred to the shades of Baron Parke. With Mr. Justice Baker presiding, many a nice distinction was found and elucidated, which it were not improbable Duns Scotus himself could not detect. With the issues of fact, satisfactory results were likewise obtained. Armed with drastic process, under pain of attachment, Marshal Howard produced in court, with unfailing regularity, panels of jurors of marked integrity and often acute intelligence. The active participation of the class as a whole in practice at the bar of this court made for an incalculable amount of benefit to every member. The final examinations were
Bernard W. McElroy

was born in Providence, R. I., April 30, 1877. He attended the public schools in his native city and entered St. John's College (Fordham, N. Y.), from which he graduated with the degree of A. B. in June, 1898. In 1901 he was admitted to the Bar of Rhode Island and will practice in the cities of Providence and Pawtucket.

perhaps severer than the ones furnished to the preceding classes, inasmuch as the standard was being gradually advanced. The graduating exercises were had, as usual, in the New National Theater. Hon. Ashley M. Gould, the United States District Attorney, himself an alumnus of the school, addressed the graduates in excellent vein. Then at last, after the long labors of the course, amidst the swell of triumphant music, the applause of admiring friends and a shower of beauteous flowers, the class received their long sought for degrees. The class prize for the highest standing during the year was awarded to Mr. Stuart McNamara, and the second prize to Mr. James S. McDonogh. To Mr. Wm. Livingston Browning was awarded the essay prize, his subject being the "Law of the Easement of Lateral Support."

Stuart McNamara

was born in Washington, February 1, 1879. Was educated in the preparatory schools of the Capital and graduated from Georgetown University in 1897, with the degree of A. B. In June, 1898, he received the degree in course of A. M. from the same university. Awarded first prize for class standing for year 1898-99; first prize for year 1899-1900; first prize for year 1900-1901. In July, 1901, Mr. McNamara was admitted to practice, and is now practicing at the Washington Bar.
After the conclusion of the exercises the class repaired to Rauscher's, and gathering to the banquet table, sat together for the last time. With them as the special guests of the evening were Mr. Justice Shepard, Mr. Perry, Jr., and Mr. Shipp, the Quiz Masters of the School. President Hird presided as toast master, Justice Shepard entertained the class at length, and Mr. Perry, Jr., and Mr. Shipp each addressed the gathering. The toasts of the evening were named by President Hird. Mr. Stuart McNamara responded to the toast of "The Profession," and Mr. Harry A. Hegarty devoted himself to "The University," whilst Mr. Wilfred Jessup spoke upon "The Future." Other toasts were proposed and responded to heartily.

Erwin Plein Nemmers
was born in Kenosha, Wis., on January 14, 1879. He received the degrees in course of A. B., 1898, from Marquette College, Milwaukee, Wis., and of A. M., 1899, and Ph. D., 1900, at Georgetown University. Was winner of second prize during the year '99-'00. Dr. Nemmers was admitted to the Bar of Wisconsin in 1901, and intends to commence practice at Milwaukee, Wisconsin.

Robert Meyer
was born in Washington, D. C., in 1880. Attended the public schools of Washington and expects to locate in the Capital for practice of law.
and finally Mr. Adrian Sizer responded to "Farewell." Then, shortly before the gray streaks of the approaching dawn had laced the sky, the last chapter in the history of the class had been written; its life had been brought to its close, and its members quietly parted, each to pursue his own path and await the beckoning of the future.

S. McN.

Dennis F. O'Brien was born in North Brookfield, Mass., January 20, 1876. His primary education was received at the Brookfield High School, and he received the degree of A. B. from Brown University, Providence, R. I. He was admitted to the Rhode Island Bar and now practicing in Providence.

John M. Nolan was born at Newark, N. J., on July 13, 1878, and graduated from Paterson (N. J.) High School with the class of '95. He was admitted to the Bar of the District of Columbia in October, 1900, and will practice in New York City.
THE DEBATING SOCIETY.

The Debating Society at the beginning of the scholastic year of 1898—9 practically existed in name only. The treasury was without funds, and had been in that condition so long that the title of the official who presided over it seemed almost a mockery, and an honor empty as the treasury itself.

The lack of interest in the Society's proceedings, or rather in the attempt to "institute proceedings," was discouraging in the extreme, and generally resulted in a verdict of "no quorum;" and even on election nights the attendance was poor, and there was lack of contest over the offices.

This discouraging state of affairs did not last long, however, for the

Michael F. O'Connor
was born in Washington, D. C., 1877, and received the degree of A. B. from Georgetown University, in 1898. He will practice law in the District of Columbia.

Fabian Posey
was born in 1878, at Mt. Pleasant, Md. He attended the Maryland Agricultural College, from which he received the degree of A. B., in 1897. He is now practicing in the Maryland Courts, and is located at La Platte, in the same State.
efforts of the new regime, under the leadership of the new president, Mr. W. E. Knowles, to inspire the members with a proper interest in the organization, were soon crowned with success.

The small initiation fee that made one a member, and relieved him from all further financial responsibility, quickly gave way to a more substantial initiation fee, and regular dues. The office of treasurer soon became one of actual trust, and the Society was put on a sound financial basis.

In March, 1899, steps were taken to compel members to debate before the Society, when assigned to a subject, and provision was made for the expulsion of any one who refused to comply.

John Ring
was born in Cork, Ireland. Received his education at the Millstreet National School, County Cork, before coming to this country. Mr. Ring is a citizen of the State of New York, and expects to practice law in that State.
Vincent de Paul Simonton, the youngest member of the class, was born in the city of Washington, D.C., in 1883. Mr. Simonton is a graduate of the Immaculate Conception Academy. Mr. Simonton's youthfulness has prevented him from taking the Bar examination. When his majority is reached, he expects to be admitted to the Bar of the District of Columbia, where he will enter upon the active duties of his profession.

With this requirement, and the same penalty was inflicted on those who absented themselves from three consecutive meetings, or fell behind in their dues. Debates were held weekly, the Society became self-supporting, and for the first time in its history a full term was completed without an adjournment for lack of a quorum.

It was in this term that Georgetown won its brilliant victory over the Columbian University School of Law, in a series of debates, from each of which the Blue and Gray came off victorious. It was also in this term that the Society first appeared in Gaston Hall in joint debate.

In January, 1900, this class again furnished the President of the Society. Mr. John J. Brosnan proved to be the choice of the school. During his entire term of office he worked assidu-

Adrian Sizer
is a native of the State of Pennsylvania, Borough Kane, and will locate for practice at Pittsburg or Philadelphia.
Paul J. Somers

was born at Milwaukee, Wis., July 25, 1879. He received the degree of A. B. from Marquette College in 1898, and A. M. from Georgetown University in 1899. Was admitted as a member of the Wisconsin Bar in 1901, and will locate in his native city.

Thomas J. Spellacy

was born in Hartford, Conn., March 6, 1880. Attended the public schools of Hartford, and later attended Holy Cross College during the years 1897 and 1898. Mr. Spellacy is now practicing law in the city of Hartford in his native State.

OUSLY TO MAKE THE WEEKLY DEBATES NOT ONLY A PERMANENT FEATURE OF THE SOCIETY, BUT INTERESTING AND INSTRUCTIVE AS WELL. DURING THE FIRST MONTH OF THIS TERM A LECTURE AND A PUBLIC DEBATE WERE DELIVERED, TWO ELECTIONS WERE HELD, AND ALL THE NECESSARY PRELIMINARIES WERE ARRANGED FOR THE MEMORABLE DEBATE WITH THE UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN.

THE THIRD PRESIDENT CHOSEN FROM THE CLASS OF 1901 WAS MR. D. F. O'BRIEN, WHO CAME INTO OFFICE DURING THE FIRST TERM OF OUR LAST YEAR, AND NATURALLY FOUND THE SOCIETY IN A CONDITION REQUIRING CONSIDERABLE LABOR TO PUT IT ON THE HIGH PLANE OF SUCCESS IT HAD HITHERTO OCCUPIED. PRESIDENT O'BRIEN WAS INDUCTED INTO OFFICE IN OCTOBER, 1900, AFTER A
Frank W. Stephens
was born in 1873, at Pittsburg, Pa. He attended the public schools and graduated from Allegheny College, in 1895. He will practice in Pittsburg, Pa.

WILLIAM CLEARY SULLIVAN
is a native of Washington, D.C. He was born on September 25, 1880, and graduated from the Business High School of his native city, in 1896. In year 1899-1900 was awarded class essay prize. He was admitted to the Bar of the District of Columbia in 1901 and will practice in Washington.
James A. Toomey

is a native of Washington, D.C. Graduated from Georgetown University, with degree of A.B. in '96 and A.M. in '97. He was admitted to the Bar of the District of Columbia in 1900 and will practice in his native city.

Ralph E. Walker

was born at Bunker Hill, Illinois, in 1873. In 1895 he graduated from Moaweaqua Academy with degree of A.B.

William D. Sullivan

was born in Washington, D.C., in 1878. Attended St. John's College, Washington, D.C., and finished his studies at Notre Dame University, South Bend, Indiana, in 1895. Admitted in 1901 to practice before the Courts of the District of Columbia.
Frank J. Wissner,
a native of the District of Columbia, studied at the public schools of the Capital City, and at the Linthicum Institute.

George Edward Downing
was born at Castletown, County Cork, Ireland, March 17, 1876. Attended the public schools of Providence, R.I., and Brown University. He is at present a member of the Bar of the State of Massachusetts and will practice law in that State.

Robert Daniel Johnston, Jr.,
was born at Charlotte, N.C., in 1878, and attended the public schools of his native city before entering Princeton University. Mr. Johnston has changed his residence to Birmingham, Ala., where he will engage in the practice of his chosen profession.
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